

Let's Go!
July 10th

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GERMAN FORMER CABINET UNDER BAUER

MAKE OBLIGATION
LESS, ROOT SAYSFormer State Secretary Pro-
poses Reservations Under
League Covenant.

BORAH THREATENS TO QUIT

Idaho Leader to Leave Party
If It Does Not Order Def-
inite Opposition.

TO PRESS FOR KNOX VOTE

Test of Strength Is Certain in
Senate This Week on the
Peace Treaty.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The
test of strength in the
senate was evidenced today by a
series of developments accepted as
showing the lines into which the
final ratification fight may fall.

Editor Root, secretary of state
before President Roosevelt, laid be-
fore the foreign relations committee
a program for acceptance of the
league with certain reservations.

Senator Borah, republican of Ida-
ho, gave notice in a senate speech
that he could not remain in the
republican party if it failed to take
a more definite stand against the
league.

Senator Hitchcock, democrat of
Nebraska, replied that no party
dared stand against the league pro-
posal and declared the covenant was
assured of ratification by republican
votes.

Knox Asks Showdown

Senator Knox of Pennsylvania de-
clared today that he would not
oppose Monday by bringing in
his resolution declaring the treaty
not to be accepted with the league
covenant attached.

Of these developments recom-
mendations of former Secretary Root,
presented after two days of confer-
ence here with league opponents, at-
tracted widest discussion tonight be-
cause it was regarded as embodying
a plan on which an appeal is likely
to be made for unity of action by
those who do not fully approve the
treaty.

The reservations which Mr. Root
suggested should be written into the
senate's ratification resolution would
be designed to soften the nation's ob-
jections for guaranteeing the integ-
rity of foreign countries and to fur-
ther safeguard the Monroe doctrine,
the right of withdrawal from the
league and the determination of
purely domestic matters.

It was declared that the
former secretary declared, in perfect
harmony with the traditions of diplo-
macy and without endangering
either league provisions.

The Decision Reached

The decision to bring up the Knox
resolution was reached after a con-
ference of leaders had agreed that
some vote revealing the exact state
of senate opinion would clarify the
situation in the week. But it seemed
certain the opposition was deter-
mined to show its strength in some
concrete manner before the treaty
was submitted for ratification.

Opponents of the league argue
that if more than one-third of the
senate is shown to favor the resolu-
tion this will constitute notice that
the treaty in its present form, can-
not command the two-thirds ma-
jority necessary for ratification.

Borah Makes Threat

Senator Borah made his threat of
withdrawing from his party during a
sharp debate, started when the
treaty was taken up in the senate.
He said in a speech, that he would
leave the party if it failed to take
a more definite stand against the
league.

GOMPERS IS AGAIN CHOSEN

HEAD OF LABOR FEDERATION

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 21.—
Samuel Gompers was today re-
elected president of the American
Federation of Labor in convention
here. Mr. Gompers in a speech, said
the selection was American labor's
answer to its traducers and oppo-
nents.

When the delegates arose to their
feet to cheer the veteran workman's
leader, James D. P. Sullivan, the
only delegates who voted "no" and
Frank Grow of Los Angeles, and
other so-called radical leaders re-
mained seated. The proposition of
these men was to elect a new
leader, prior to the election, voted
to co-operate with the workers of
Japan as to assist them in or-
ganizing in order that they might
be a better understanding between
the workmen of the United States
and Japan. Frank Morrison was re-
elected secretary.

Wheeling Man Killed.
DETROIT, June 21.—Aunt Wil-
liam F. Baer, an army aviator, sta-
tioned at Ellington field, Houston,
was killed when his airplane fell
near Rio, according to a mes-
sage from the field commandant to
the aviator's relatives. Baer's home
was at Wheeling, W. Va.

Winnipeg Under Martial
Law After Strike Riots

THE WEATHER

TULSA, OKLA., June 21.—Maximum
80, minimum 71, south wind, clear.
OKLAHOMA: Sunday and Monday
cloudy, probably showers.
LOUISIANA: Sunday and Monday
cloudy, scattered showers.
WEST TEXAS: Sunday and Monday
partly cloudy to cloudy.
KANSAS: Unsettled but generally
fair Sunday and Monday with prob-
ably showers in east portion Sunday; not
much change in temperature.

WIRE BRIEFS

AMERICANS IN RUSSIA
LEAVE BIGGEST FOR HOME.

BREST, June 21.—American troops
that returned from Archangel on the
steamer Czar last week are leaving
tonight for the United States on the
American army transport von Steu-
der. The officer being detained here
for court martial.

NO CONCLUSION
REACHED ON PALMER

WASHINGTON, June 21.—No con-
clusion was reached today by the
senate judiciary sub-committee which
met in executive session to discuss
further procedure in the considera-
tion of the nomination of Attorney
General Palmer.

STATE OF SIEGE
IN MUNSTER

By The Associated Press.
COBLENZ, June 21.—A state of
siege has been declared in the dis-
trict of Munster, in Westphalia,
northeast of Cologne, because of
Spartan disturbances, according to
headquarters here.

HOUSE COMMITTEE
DEFEATS BEER BILL

WASHINGTON, June 21.—A pro-
posed amendment to the pending
prohibition enforcement bill giving
the president authority to repeal the
war-time prohibition in act, insofar as
it affects the sale of light wines and
beer, was defeated today by the
house judiciary committee, 12 to 5.

NITTI IS ASKED
TO FORM MINISTRY

ROME, June 21.—King Victor
Emmanuel has requested Francesco
Nitti, a former minister of the treas-
ury, to form a cabinet, the Giornale
d'Italia announces semi-officially.

No Time for Flippancy

The Water Situation Deserves Careful and Earnest
Attention of Every Loyal Citizen of Tulsa.

(BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)
To the writer has been assigned the duty of preparing for the columns
of this paper a special article each day during the water bond campaign
upon the subject of the discussion as may be deemed of special interest.
These articles will be constructive in character and will attempt to
bring before the reader facts and arguments of a sound and dependable
nature. The best available data will be used and no misstatement will
be willingly made. In the event any incorrect facts are given a correction
will be made giving the proper information. Any statement made in
this column and uncorrected for two days may be relied upon as the most
dependable information available to the writer.

This is not a time for flippancy. That the opposition to the bond
issue does not see the lack of propriety in its effort to make merry over
the matter giving the proper information. This is a matter of serious
importance to the public and the function of citizenship seriously
and have a real desire to arrive at the truth and have a duty to
do the wise and intelligent thing. Juvenile journalism will be ignored.

It is a sad thing to be forced to arrive at the conviction that some of
the opponents of the bond issue are in bad faith and have ulterior motives
but a large majority of those offering opposition, however, their
attitude is perfectly honest. Their opposition is temperamental. Being
forced by temperment into opposition to this, as to every bond issue,
they begin looking about for argument, however weak, to support their
position. This accounts for much loose talk in statements of facts and a
too great willingness to accept as true, and to repeat, palpable falsehoods.

The public is asked to do a great, constructive piece of town building.
The average man will have a keen desire to do his real duty in the
matter. He will see the facts upon which to base a judgment and it is
criminal not to give them to him honestly and fairly.

The good citizen wants to know what ought to be done about the water
situation and he is ready to do it, even at some reasonable sacrifice, if
he can find out what he ought to do. He knows the present situation is
very bad. He knows that his family ought not to drink the present city
water at all and he knows it is really ought to cook with or bathe in
has seen it ruin his flowers and lawns and retards the industrial growth of
the town. Practically every good citizen knows something ought to be
done. And he wants to be shown just what that something is.

A concrete proposition to vote \$2,000,000 of bonds to bring Spavinaw
water to Tulsa is before him. He must accept or reject this proposition.
He wants honest information to help him arrive at a decision. Joking
about it or lying about it is a public menace. He wants to act as he
should, not as somebody wants to fool him into doing.

He wants to know whether Spavinaw water is actually the best avail-
able and whether there is any nearer supply which is reasonably ade-
quate and good.

He wants real information on why Shell creek and Grand river
lands were discarded. He wants to know about types and cost of construction
and whether the men working them know their business. He wants
information on cost of operation and upkeep. He wants to know whether
the tax burden will be tolerable. He wants to know whether good water
and a \$2,000,000 bond issue or bad water without the bond issue will be
best for the town he is helping to build.

All of these questions and others will be answered in detail. The
sources drawn upon for information will be cited as far as practicable.
A real effort will be made to render the community a real service.
These things will be set out from day to day in detail. They all point
to the imperative necessity of voting the bonds and bringing Spavinaw
water to Tulsa.

The burden of proof is upon the bond issue to prove its right to be
created. It can bear that burden with perfect success. We invite you to
share with us from day to day the information we have gathered. The
results of an investigation will convince you if you are fair about this
important issue. You owe it to your city, your family and yourself to
investigate with an open mind.

MEXICO RECEIVES
WARNING OF U. S.Carranza and Villa Partisans
Get News of Policy to Be
Pursued by U. S.

"WATCHFUL WAITING" GOES

"Watchful Preparedness" Is
Adopted and Forces Are
Kept Ready.

COURIERS CARRY TELEGRAM

Agents Go Into Mexico An-
nouncing That Punishment
Awaits New Raid.

EL PASO, June 21.—Interest in
Mexican developments, which was
beginning to wane after a week of
excitement across the Rio Grande,
was revived today by the publica-
tion of an Associated Press dispatch
from Washington outlining the new
Mexican policy.

Carranza and Villa partisans were
alarmed at the new attitude of the
American government toward Mex-
ico and a courier was sent to Villa's
camp as soon as the afternoon edi-
tion appeared containing the Wash-
ington dispatch. It was also sent
to Carranza for the information of
General Gonzalez and his staff and
many mining companies having in-
terests in Mexico telegraphed it to
their representatives in the in-
terior.

"WATCHFUL WAITING"
POLICY ADOPTED

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Recent
developments along the southern
border and within Mexico itself, it
was learned officially today, have
brought about a radical change in the
attitude of this government toward
Mexico. It can be stated on positive
authority that "watchful waiting"
has been discarded for "watchful
preparedness."

The war department has perfect-
ed plans to throw a punitive expedi-
tion of adequate strength across the
Rio Grande, the moment official
word is received of reprisals on the
part of Villa for the Suarez inci-
dent, or in case of other contin-
gencies to bring the Mexican situa-
tion again to a stage approaching
that of last Sunday. On the
other hand, the department is making
preparations for the advancement of this column,
however, it was said, would be ac-
companied by instruction for the
military occupation of territory
necessary to insure the safety of
the expedition and absolute pro-
tection of the border through the
creation of a neutral zone south of
the line.

Depends on Course

Further movement of the ex-
pedition would depend entirely on
subsequent developments.

Military observers here place little
credence in the reports that Villa
has abandoned his offensive to the
north. Economic war as military
necessity. It was pointed out, call
for the elimination of the Carranza
garrisons now stationed on the flanks
of the territory. Villa now controls
and for possession of a principal
frontier entry port which would give
the rebel chieftain free shrews of
war in the shape of customs duties
and equipment.

So serious is the condition faced

by President Carranza that he is
said to be bending every effort to
secure the direct support of the
United States in maintaining his
power. This, according to officials
here, accounts for the ease with
which the Suarez incident was
closed. One of the principal pur-
poses of the recent visit to Wash-
ington of General Candido Aguilar,
son-in-law of the president and a
member of his cabinet, is declared
to be to secure this support by the
United States. General Aguilar was
authorized, according to reports to
settle the oil question and other mat-
ters that have caused friction be-
tween the countries.

Members of the Aguilar mission
also conferred with representatives
of an oil company in Washington
and it is said they will see rep-
resentatives of the company next week
in New York.

Is Carefully Arranged

The wholesale sinking of the Ger-
man ships, which were surrendered
under the terms of the armistice,
was carefully arranged by officers
and crews. All explosives had been
removed and therefore the only
means of destroying the fleet was
by spearing the seacocks. The ships
went down slowly with the German
flag, which the crews had hoisted,
showing that the method.

Armenia

1. Where is Armenia and the
Near East?
Armenia lies between the
Black Sea and the Caspian,
stretching south in a sharp
angle and, north in a curve
which embraces the Armenian
provinces of the Caucasus,
captured by the Russians in the
last century. The Near East
comprises Armenia, Syria, Ara-
bia, Asia Minor, Palestine and
Egypt.

2. What is their government?
The despotism of Turkey who,
until the signing of the armis-
tice ruled all the Near East,
save Egypt. Armenia had a
small advisory body in which
the Turks in 1914 sent three
senators, Armenia in a vain at-
tempt to persuade the Armenians
to declare themselves ene-
mies of the allies. Now there
is no government whatsoever
save where the British have
taken control.

SQUASHED!

Interned German Fleet Sunk
By Officers in English Port

All Big Vessels Sent to
Bottom at Scapa
Flow by Enemy.

OFFICERS CAPTURED

Punishment Is Undecided
—Hun Flags Hoisted;
Open Seacocks.

THURSO, Scotland, June 21.—
The hoisting of a red flag at noon
was the signal for the crews to
surrender to the German war ships
in Scapa Flow. The crews took
to the boats and rowed toward the
shore. The guard ships fired at
the Germans, who jumped over-
board and swam ashore, where
they were rounded up.

LONDON, June 21.—The German

officers and sailors, forming the
complement of the German ships
interned at Scapa Flow, sank most
of their ships today. All the big ships,
the battle ships and battle cruisers,
excepting the Baden and numerous
smaller craft, were sunk while others
went ashore in a half-sunken condi-
tion. Eighteen destroyers were
beached by tugs; four are still afloat
while the remainder went under.

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Resolution by Knox
Is Favored by Hays;
Give Time on League

REPORT SINN FEIN

PRESIDENT IN U. S.

Announcement Made in New York

That Prof. Edward de Valera

Will Appear Soon in Public.

NEW YORK, June 21.—An-
nouncement was made here today
that Prof. Edward de Valera, pre-
sident of the Irish Sinn Fein repub-
lic, had landed in America and would
be in New York city Sunday. Ap-
partments have been engaged for the
Sinn Fein leader at the Waldorf-
Astoria by de Valera's secretary.

De Valera left the British Isles 16
days ago, according to Harry J. Ro-
land, his secretary, and is now in
exile in this country. His mis-
sion to America was made in the
hope of obtaining official recognition
of the Irish republic by the United
States government.

Shortly after the news was made
public here today that Prof. de Va-
lera is in this country, a cable mes-
sage from Frank P. Walsh in Paris
halted the departure of John A.
Murphy of Buffalo, N. Y., for France
about the Irish Republic. Mr.
Murphy was to have joined the
American mission in behalf of Ire-
land.

Revise Naval Bill

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Re-
vision of the naval appropriation
bill was completed today by the
senate naval committee, which or-
dered it reported. The bill author-
ized appropriations of about \$430-
600,000 as compared with \$491,500-
000 voted by the house.

The World Calls

Charles Page's Hand

The World accuses Charles Page of being a tax

dodger. He declares that he paid \$31,250 in state,

county, school district and city taxes in the city of Tulsa

for the year 1918. The World stated that, so far as it

was able to ascertain from the records, he only paid

\$11,029 for all taxes. If he will leave his tax receipts

with O. H. Leonard at the Exchange National bank any

time during Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday or any other

day, where they can be examined by a representative of

The World, this newspaper will gladly publish the cor-
rect figures shown thereon, together with the property

covered in the same. We have no desire and see no

necessity for deviating from the truth in the matter of

Mr. Page's taxes and will even go further and publish

his income tax return to the government, if he will leave

it with Mr. Leonard for examination and investigation.

Now come on, Mr. Page, we call your bluff. We will

be glad to publish your tax receipts in full, and then

there will be no further argument about the figures,

at least.

Former Minister of La-
bor Succeeds Scheide-
mann as Premier.

ERZBERGER IS SECOND

Armistice Commissioner
Vice Premier; Mueller
Foreign Head.

GET READY FOR ACCEPTANCE

Plans Are Being Com-
pleted for Signing of
Peace Terms.

AMERICANS ARE ALL READY

Force of 225,000 Picked
Men Waits Word to
Start March.

BERLIN, June 21.—A new Ger-
man cabinet has been formed
under the premiership of Herr Bauer,
formerly minister of labor, with Dr.
Herman Mueller, the majority
socialist leader, as minister of for-
eign affairs.

The other members of the cabinet
are:
Minister of the Interior—Dr.
Eduard David.
Minister of Finance and Vice Pre-
mier—Mathias Erzberger.
Minister of Economics—Herr Wis-
sell.
Minister of Labor—Herr Schlicke.
Minister of the Treasury—Herr
Meyer.
Minister of Posts and Telegraphs—
Herr Giesberts.
Chief of the Colonial Office—Dr.
Bell.
Minister of National Defense—
Gustave Noske.

Doctor David has been made
Minister of Food—Dr. Schmidt.
No appointment has been made
to the ministry of justice.

Herr Meyer, the new head of the
treasury department, is a native of
Krauthausen, Bavaria.

Herr Bauer, the new premier, is
a socialist and held the post of
minister of labor.

In the course of his official duties
he has had much to do with the
striking workmen and recently
brought about a settlement of the
general strike in Berlin.

Doctor Mueller has become one of
the leaders of the minority social-
ists since the revolution. He was
party whip in the national assembly.
In a recent speech Doctor Mueller
declared that the former German
emperor was "not wanted in Ger-
many" and that he "belongs in a
pathological ward."

The name of Eduard David has
been linked with that of Philipp
Scheidemann as one of the leaders
of the German socialist party in the
reichstag since before the war.
From 1915 to the time of the revo-
lution last November, Doctor David
in his speeches in the reichstag op-
posed a war of conquest by Ger-
many.

Doctor David was a member of
the original German delegation to
the peace conference, but retired in
favor of Herr Landberg on account
of ill health.

Mathias Erzberger was head of
the German armistice commission
and is one of the leaders of the cen-
trist or clerical party.

The famous reichstag peace resolu-
tion adopted in July 1917, and
declaring for "peace without annex-
ation or indemnity" was the work
of Erzberger.

Gustave Noske became a leading
figure in German politics under
the republican government set up in
Germany by Friedrich Ebert as
president. Herr Noske was a storm
center early in the year because of
his drastic measures as minister of
defense in putting down the Spar-
tan uprisings.

AMERICAN ARMY

READY TO MARCH

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Army
officials here said today the Ameri-
can army now preparing to advance
into Germany could operate as an
entirely separate force from its home
base for a year or more, if circum-
stances should require. They declared
the force of 225,000 men probably was
the best equipped that ever had been
assembled.

The personnel was described as
practically "hand picked," with
equipment of the most modern type.
Great stores of food and supplies were
being shipped from its home base
filled with the best of the reserve
supply of each division detached and
returned to the United States be-
fore the remaining surplus was dis-
posed of further in the year for con-
sumption.

In the event of an advance, it is
the opinion here that the First and
Second Divisions will be the active
CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE

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